

Description

Zinc borate is produced by boric acid process with high purity, high content of ZnO and B_2O_3 and high thermal stability. Zinc borate is used as an environmentally-friendly additive halogen-free flame retardant and smoke suppressant in various polymer systems.

Physical and Chemical Properties

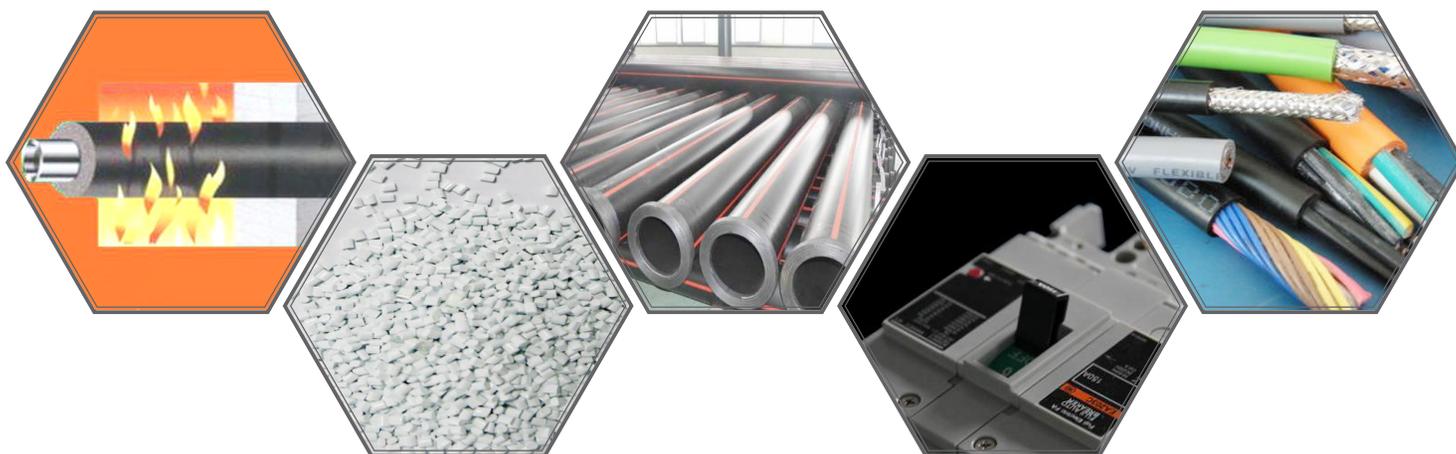
| Items | Unit | ZB-2335 |
|--------------------------------|------|-------------------|
| Appearance | — | White Powder |
| B_2O_3 | % | 47.0 ~ 49.0 |
| ZnO | % | 37.5 ~ 39.5 |
| Moisture | % | ≤0.3 |
| Loss on Ignition | % | 13.0~15.5 (450°C) |
| Whiteness | % | ≥96.0 |
| Particle Size,D50 | μm | ≤7.0 |
| TGA(1%) | °C | ≥345 |
| Chloride(Cl^-) | % | ≤0.05 |
| Sulphate(SO_4^{2-}) | % | ≤0.005 |

Key advantages

- High Purity:** >99%
- High Whiteness:** ≥96%
- High Decomposition Temperature:** the TGA(1%) is over 345°C , allow high thermal processing.
- Low Cl^- %, Low SO_4^{2-} %:** Cl^- ≤300ppm, SO_4^{2-} ≤50ppm. No white precipitate during product use.

Application

Recommended to be used in engineering plastics, rubber based compounds such as hose, conveyer belt, coated canvas, FRP, wire and cable, electrical components, coating and painting, etc.



Zinc Borate Production Process

The traditional production methods of zinc borate mainly include borate-zinc salt method and boric acid-zinc oxide method

1. Borate-zinc salt Process

Zinc borate is usually prepared by using borax, zinc sulfate and zinc oxide as raw materials, and reacting in a water system according to a certain ratio. Most domestic manufacturers use this method to produce zinc borate.

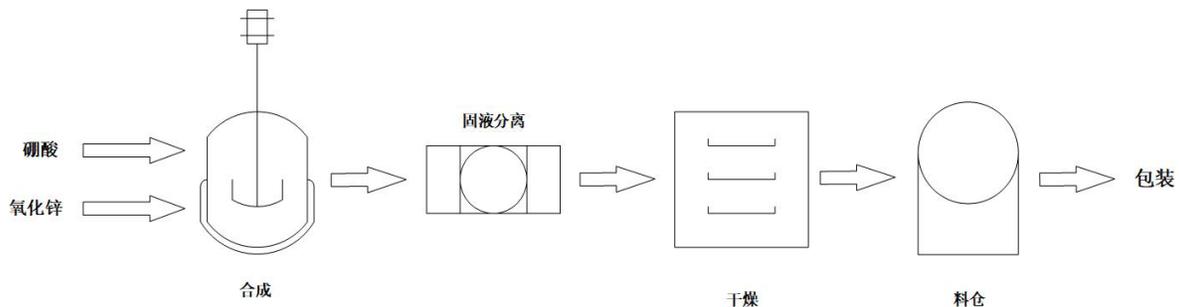
2. Boric acid-zinc oxide Process

Zinc borate is usually prepared by using boric acid and zinc oxide as raw materials according to a certain ratio in a water system.

3. Comparison Of Two Processes

| Production Process | Borate-Zinc Salt Process | Boric Acid -Zinc Oxide Process |
|----------------------------|---|---|
| Raw Materials | Borax, Zinc Sulfate, Zinc Oxide | Boric Acid, Zinc Oxide |
| Advantages | Low Raw Material Cost | Process And Steps Are Simple, The Mother Liquor Can Be Recycled High Purity, Low Sulfate Content |
| Disadvantages | Produce By-Product Sodium Sulfate High Sulfate Content In Finished Product Lower Purity Lower temperature Resistance Sodium Sulfate Is Generated As a By-Product. Higher Sulfate Content, Lower Purity Relatively Lower Temperature Resistance. | High Raw Materials Costs |
| Taixing Production Process | | ● |

4. Boric Acid-Zinc Oxide Process Flowchart



Applications

| Applications and Benefits | Zinc Borate 3.5 H ₂ O ZB2335 | Anhydrous Zinc Borate |
|---------------------------|--|-----------------------|
| Processability | ★★★★★ | ★★★★★ |
| Applications | Engineering Plastics, Flame Retardant Rubber Flame Retardant Paint | Engineering Plastics |